

Blackberry, Honey Locust and Poison Ivy Control

Blackberry Control

Control of blackberries in pasture is not difficult if you use the proper herbicide at the proper time. The proper herbicide to use is Remedy (triclopyr), at a rate of 1 to 2 pints of product per acre; the best time for control is late July after next year's canes have developed. One application of Remedy will typically control 85 to 90% of the blackberries present. It is important that the plants be actively growing and fruiting canes be fully developed before spraying. Re-spraying is often necessary to get satisfactory control of mature plants.

Honey Locust Control

Honey Locust, often referred to as thorn trees, is best controlled with the herbicide Remedy (tricyclopyr) at a rate of one quart per acre in June and July. Best results occur by spraying individual trees. Mix two quarts of Remedy with 100 gallons of water and spray to wet leaves. Some re-spraying will be required to control re-sprouts.

Poison Ivy Control

To control poison ivy, spray when foliage is fully leafed with Roundup or Touchdown (glyphosphate). Use a 2% solution with hand held equipment. Thoroughly wet all foliage. Repeat applications may be required to maintain control. Be aware glyphosate is a systemic herbicide that is non-selective. For example, grass growing under poison ivy sprayed with glyphosphate will probably be killed also.

Whenever using herbicides be sure to read and follow all label instructions. For further information contact the Tulsa County OSU Extension Center 918/746-3725.